

```
/* lab 8D */
```

```
/* 1. Show JOB_ID and a column called Employees which shows how many employees have each Job_ID. */
```

```
select job_id, count(*)  
  from employees  
  group by job_id;
```

```
/* 2. Show JOB_ID and a column called Employees which shows how many employees have each JOB_ID where the JOB_ID ends in MGR. */
```

```
select job_id, count(*) as "Employees"  
  from employees  
  group by job_id  
  having job_id like '%MGR';
```

```
/* 3. Show JOB_ID, a column called Employees and a SALARY column which shows how many employees in each JOB_ID have a salary greater than 9000 */
```

```
select * from employees;
```

```
select job_id, count(*) as "Employees"  
  from employees  
  where salary > 9000  
  group by job_id;
```

```
select job_id, count(*) as "Employees"  
  from employees  
  group by job_id;
```

```
/* 4. Show DEPARTMENT_NAME and a column called OLDEST_HIRES which shows the date of hire of the longest serving employee in each department, in order of date with the oldest dates first */
```

```
select * from departments;  
select * from job_history;  
select * from employees;
```

```
select min(e.hire_date), d.department_name  
  from employees e, departments d  
  where e.department_id = d.department_id  
  group by d.department_name  
  order by 1 desc;
```

```
/* 5. Show DEPARTMENT_ID and a column called TOTAL_SALARY which shows the Total Salary paid to each Department */
```

```
select * from employees;
```

```
select department_id, sum(salary)
```

```
from employees
group by department_id;
```

```
select * from employees where department_id is null;
select * from employees where department_id=10;
```

```
/* 6. Show DEPARTMENT_NAME and a column called TOTAL_SALARY which shows the Total
Salary paid to each Department */
```

```
select * from employees;
select * from departments;
```

```
select d.department_id, sum(e.salary)
from employees e, departments d
where e.department_id = d.department_id
group by e.department_id;
```

```
select d.department_name, sum(e.salary)
from employees e, departments d
where e.department_id = d.department_id
group by d.department_name;
```

```
/* 7. Show CITY and a a column called TOTAL_SALARY which shows the Total Salary paid
in each City */
```

```
select * from locations;
select * from departments;
select * from employees;
```

```
select l.city, sum(e.salary) as "Total Salary"
from employees e, locations l, departments d
where e.department_id = d.department_id
and d.location_id = l.location_id
group by city;
```

```
/* 8. Show CITY and a a column called TOTAL_SALARY which shows the Total Salary
paid in each City in the United States */
```

```
select * from regions;
select * from locations;
select * from departments;
```

```
select l.city, sum(e.salary)
from employees e, locations l, departments d
where e.department_id = d.department_id
and l.location_id = d.location_id
group by city;
```

```
select l.city, sum(e.salary)
from employees e, locations l, departments d
```

```
where e.department_id = d.department_id
and l.location_id = d.location_id
group by city, country_id
having country_id='US';
```

```
/* 9. Show JOB_TITLE and a column called AVERAGE_COMMISSION which shows the average
commission earned in each job. Do not show jobs which do not earn commission. Show
the average commission rounded to 2 decimal places */
```

```
select * from employees;
select * from jobs;
```

```
select job_title, avg(commission_pct)
from employees e, jobs j
where e.job_id = j.job_id
group by job_title;
```

```
select job_title, avg(commission_pct)
from employees e, jobs j
where e.job_id = j.job_id
and commission_pct is not null
group by job_title;
```

```
/* 10 10. Show REGION_NAME and a column called AVERAGE_SALARY which shows the average
salary in each region */
```

```
select * from regions;
select * from employees;
select * from departments;
select * from locations;
select * from countries;
```

```
select region_name, avg(e.salary)
from employees e, departments d, locations l, countries c, regions r
where e.department_id = d. department_id
and d. location_id = l.location_id
and l.country_id = c.country_id
and c.region_id = r.region_id
group by region_name;
```

```
select region_name, round(avg(e.salary),2)
from employees e, departments d, locations l, countries c, regions r
where e.department_id = d. department_id
and d. location_id = l.location_id
and l.country_id = c.country_id
and c.region_id = r.region_id
group by region_name;
```